

Hytrel® 4058

THERMOPLASTIC POLYESTER ELASTOMER

Common features of Hytrel® thermoplastic polyester elastomer include mechanical and physical properties such as exceptional toughness and resilience, high resistance to creep, impact and flex fatigue, flexibility at low temperatures and good retention of properties at elevated temperatures. In addition, it resists many industrial chemicals, oils and solvents. Special grades include heat stabilised, flame retardant, food contact compliant, blow molding and extrusion grades. Concentrates offered include black pigments, UV protection additives, heat stabilisers, and flame retardants. Hytrel® thermoplastic polyester elastomer is plasticiser free.

The good melt stability of Hytrel® thermoplastic polyester elastomer normally enables the recycling of properly handled production waste. If recycling is not possible, we recommend, as the preferred option, incineration with energy recovery (-24 kJ/g of base polymer) in appropriately equipped installations.

For disposal, local regulations have to be observed.

Hytrel® thermoplastic polyester elastomer typically is used in demanding applications in the automotive, fluid power, electrical/electronic, consumer goods, appliance and power tool, sporting goods, furniture, industrial and off-road transportation/equipment industry.

Hytrel® 4058 is a low modulus Hytrel® grade with nominal durometer hardness of 40D, it contains a non-discoloring stabilizer. It is recommended for injection molding, extrusion and SCF foaming

Rheological properties

Melt volume-flow rate	5 cm ³ /10min	ISO 1133
Temperature	190 °C	
Load	2.16 kg	
Melt mass-flow rate	5.6 g/10min	ISO 1133
Moulding shrinkage, parallel	0.2 %	ISO 294-4, 2577
Moulding shrinkage, normal	0.4 %	ISO 294-4, 2577

Typical mechanical properties

Tensile modulus	60 MPa	ISO 527-1/-2
Stress at 10% strain	4.6 MPa	ISO 527-1/-2
Tensile stress at 100% strain	8.6 MPa	ISO 527-1/-2
Tensile stress at break	22 MPa	ISO 527-1/-2
Nominal strain at break	500 %	ISO 527-1/-2
Shore D hardness, 15s	37	ISO 48-4 / ISO 868
Shore D hardness, max	43	ISO 868
Tear strength, parallel	100 kN/m	ISO 34-1
Tear strength, normal	96 kN/m	ISO 34-1

Thermal properties

Melting temperature, 10 °C/min	152 °C	ISO 11357-1/-3
Glass transition temperature, 10 °C/min	-50 °C	ISO 11357-1/-3
Glass transition temperature, 1 Hz	-29 °C	ISO 6721
Temperature of deflection under load, 0.45 MPa	48 °C	ISO 75-1/-2
Vicat softening temperature, 50 °C/h 10N	110 °C	ISO 306

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Physical/Other properties

Humidity absorption, 2mm	0.2 %	Sim. to ISO 62
Water absorption, 2mm	0.7 %	Sim. to ISO 62
Water absorption, Immersion 24h	0.6 %	Sim. to ISO 62
Density	1160 kg/m ³	ISO 1183
Density of melt	1020 kg/m ³	

Injection

Drying Recommended	yes
Drying Temperature	80 °C
Drying Time, Dehumidified Dryer	2 - 3 h
Processing Moisture Content	≤0.08 %
Melt Temperature Optimum	180 °C
Min. melt temperature	170 °C
Max. melt temperature	190 °C
Mold Temperature Optimum	40 °C
Min. mould temperature	30 °C
Max. mould temperature	40 °C

Extrusion

Drying Temperature	70 - 90 °C
Drying Time, Dehumidified Dryer	2 - 3 h
Processing Moisture Content	≤0.06 %
Melt Temperature Optimum	170 °C
Melt Temperature Range	165 - 180 °C

Characteristics

Processing	Injection Moulding, Extrusion, Foam processing
Delivery form	Pellets
Special characteristics	Heat stabilised or stable to heat, Colourable

Chemical Media Resistance

Acids

- ✓ Acetic Acid (5% by mass), 23 °C
- ✓ Citric Acid solution (10% by mass), 23 °C
- ✓ Lactic Acid (10% by mass), 23 °C
- ✗ Hydrochloric Acid (36% by mass), 23 °C
- ✗ Nitric Acid (40% by mass), 23 °C
- ✗ Sulfuric Acid (38% by mass), 23 °C
- ✓ Sulfuric Acid (5% by mass), 23 °C
- ✗ Chromic Acid solution (40% by mass), 23 °C

Bases

- ✓ Sodium Hydroxide solution (35% by mass), 23 °C
- ✓ Sodium Hydroxide solution (1% by mass), 23 °C
- ✓ Ammonium Hydroxide solution (10% by mass), 23 °C

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Alcohols

- ✓ Isopropyl alcohol, 23°C
- ✓ Methanol, 23°C
- ✓ Ethanol, 23°C

Hydrocarbons

- ✓ n-Hexane, 23°C
- ✓ Toluene, 23°C
- ✓ iso-Octane, 23°C

Ketones

- ✗ Acetone, 23°C

Ethers

- ✗ Diethyl ether, 23°C

Mineral oils

- ✓ SAE 10W40 multigrade motor oil, 23°C
- ✗ SAE 10W40 multigrade motor oil, 130°C
- ✗ SAE 80/90 hypoid-gear oil, 130°C
- ✓ Insulating Oil, 23°C
- ✗ Motor oil OS206 304 Ref.Eng.Oil, ISP, 135°C
- ✗ Automatic hypoid-gear oil Shell Donax TX, 135°C

Standard Fuels

- ✗ ISO 1817 Liquid 1 - E5, 60°C
- ✗ ISO 1817 Liquid 2 - M15E4, 60°C
- ✗ ISO 1817 Liquid 3 - M3E7, 60°C
- ✗ ISO 1817 Liquid 4 - M15, 60°C
- ✓ Standard fuel without alcohol (pref. ISO 1817 Liquid C), 23°C
- ✓ Standard fuel with alcohol (pref. ISO 1817 Liquid 4), 23°C
- ✓ Diesel fuel (pref. ISO 1817 Liquid F), 23°C
- ✓ Diesel fuel (pref. ISO 1817 Liquid F), 90°C
- ✗ Diesel fuel (pref. ISO 1817 Liquid F), >90°C

Salt solutions

- ✓ Sodium Chloride solution (10% by mass), 23°C
- ✗ Sodium Hypochlorite solution (10% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Sodium Carbonate solution (20% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Sodium Carbonate solution (2% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Zinc Chloride solution (50% by mass), 23°C

Other

- ✓ Ethyl Acetate, 23°C
- ✗ Hydrogen peroxide, 23°C
- ✗ DOT No. 4 Brake fluid, 130°C
- ✗ Ethylene Glycol (50% by mass) in water, 108°C
- ✓ 1% nonylphenoxy-polyethyleneoxy ethanol in water, 23°C
- ✓ 50% Oleic acid + 50% Olive Oil, 23°C
- ✓ Water, 23°C
- ✓ Water, 90°C
- ✓ Phenol solution (5% by mass), 23°C
- ✗ Coolant Glystantin G48, 1:1 in water, 125°C

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Symbols used:

- ✓ possibly resistant
Defined as: Supplier has sufficient indication that contact with chemical can be potentially accepted under the intended use conditions and expected service life. Criteria for assessment have to be indicated (e.g. surface aspect, volume change, property change).
- ✗ not recommended - see explanation
Defined as: Not recommended for general use. However, short-term exposure under certain restricted conditions could be acceptable (e.g. fast cleaning with thorough rinsing, spills, wiping, vapor exposure).